THADDEUS J. CULPEPPER, SBN 220194 **CULPEPPER LAW GROUPE** FILED CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT 556 S. Fair Oaks Avenue, Suite 101 No. 302 3 Pasadena, CA 91105 culpepper@alumni.pitt.edu MAR 1 1 2010 4 Tele: (626) 786-2779 Facsimile: (626) 628-3083 CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFOR! Attorneys for Plaintiffs DR. JERROLL B.R. DOLPHIN, et al., 6 7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 8 CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA - WESTERN DIVISION 9 10 ST. LUKE SCHOOL OF MEDICINE; DR. JERROLL B.R. DOLPHIN and DR. 11 ROBERT FARMER on behalf of himself CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR: and all others similarly situated, as 12 applicable, TRADE LIBEL 2. **FALSE IMPRISONMENT** 13 Plaintiffs. 3. **NEGLIGENCE VIOLATIONS OF DUE PROCESS** 14 5. VIOLATIONS OF EQUAL **PROTECTION** REPULIC OF LIBERIA; MINISTRY OF 6. **CONVERSION** HEALTH, a Liberian Governmental Agency: **CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT CIVIL** MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, a Liberian 16 RIGHTS VIOLATIONS Governmental Agency; LIBERIAN INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF MEDICAL BOARD, a Liberian 17 **EMOTIONAL DISTRESS** Governmental Agency; NATIONAL **NEGLIGENT INFLICTION OF** 18 COMMISSION ON HIGHER **EMOTIONAL DISTRESS** EDUCATION, a Liberian Governmental 10. LOSS OF CONSORTIUM Agency; NATIONAL TRANSITIONAL LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, a Liberian Governmental Agency; DR. ISAAC ROLAND; MOHAMMED SHERIFF; DR. 21 BENSON BARH; DR. GEORGE GOLLIN; **EDUCATION COMMISSION FOR** 22 FOREIGN MEDICAL GRADUATES: a Pennsylvania Non-Profit organization; 23 FOUNDATION FOR ADVANCEMENT OF INTERNATIONAL EDUCATION AND RESEARCH; a Pennsylvania Non-Profit organization, UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS-URBAN, an Illinois Institution of Higher Learning, 26 Defendants. 27 28

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

I.

## JURISDICTION

## A. FRIENDSHIP TREATY

## (A). ARTICLE I

- 1. "The Nationals of each of the High Contracting Parties shall be permitted to enter, to travel and reside in the territories of the other; to exercise liberty of conscience and freedom of worship; to engage in professional, scientific, religious, philanthropic, manufacturing and commercial work of every kind without interference; to carry on every form of commercial activity which is not forbidden by the local law; to own, erect or lease and occupy appropriate buildings and to lease lands for residential, scientific, religious, philanthropic, manufacturing, commercial and monetary purposes; to employ agents of their choice, and generally to do anything incidental to or necessary for the enjoyment of any of the foregoing privileges upon the same terms as nationals of the State of residence or as nationals of the nation hereafter to be most favored by it, submitting themselves to all local laws and regulations duly established.
- 2. The nationals of either High Contracting Party within the territories of the other shall not be subjected to the payment of any internal charges or taxes other or higher than those that are exacted of and paid by nationals of the State of residence.
- 3. The nationals of each High Contracting Party shall enjoy freedom of access to the courts of justice of the other on conforming to the local laws, as well for the prosecution as for the defense of their rights, and in all degrees of jurisdiction established by law.
- 4. The nationals of each High Contracting Party shall receive within the territories of the other, upon submitting to conditions imposed upon its nationals, the most constant protection and security for their person and property, and shall enjoy in this respect that degree of protection that is required by international law. Their property shall not be taken without due process of law and without

1	payment of just compensation. Treaty of friendship, commerce and navigation. (Article I) Entered		
2	into force November 21, 1939. 54 Stat. 1739; TS 956; 9 Bevans 595; 201 LNTS 163. (hereinafter		
3	Friendship Treaty").		
4	II. ALIEN TORT CLAIMS ACT		
5	5. The Alien Tort Claims Act ("ATCA") of 1789 grants jurisdiction to US Federal Courts over		
7	"any civil action by an alien for a tort only, committed in violation of the law of nations or a treaty of		
8	the United States."		
9	III. U.S. CONSTITUTION		
10	6. Sec. 1331. Federal question. The district courts shall have original jurisdiction of all civil		
11	actions arising under the Constitution, laws, or treaties of the United States.		
12	IV. VENUE		
13	7. The proper venue for this matter is the Western Division of the Central District of California,		
14 15	United States District Court, as Dr. Jerroll B. R. Dolphin is a resident of Los Angeles, California and		
16	wherein St. Luke School of Medicine has its principal place of business.		
17	V. CLASS PARTICULARS		
18	8. Plaintiffs seek certification of the following Class pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(b)(2):		
19	All students who attended St. Luke School of Medicine between 2000-		
20	present.		
21	(a). The Class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable.		
22	(b). The claims of Plaintiffs are typical of the claims of the Class.		
23   24	(c). Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Class. Plaintiff has no		
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26	interests antagonistic to those of the Class, and he has retained counsel experienced in consumer class action litigation.		
27			
28	(d). Defendant has acted or refused to act on grounds generally applicable to the Class.		

1	I. LIBERIAN MEDICAL BOARD
2	16. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Defendant Liberian Medical Board was the primary
3	institution for the licensing of medical doctors in the Republic of Liberia. It is a branch of the
4	Ministry of Health of the Republic of Liberia.
5	J. NATIONAL COMMISSION ON HIGHER EDUCATION
7	17. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Defendant National Commission on Higher Education
8	was the national accrediting agency for the Ministry of Education of the Republic of Liberia
9	("NCHE").
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11	K. NATIONAL TRANSITIONAL LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY
12	18. Defendant National Transitional Legislative Assembly (NTLS) was the temporary legislative
13   14	branch of the National Transitional Government (NTG) of Liberia that operated in Liberia after
15	President Charles Taylor left Liberia, in 2004 until the inauguration of President Ellen Johnson-
16	Sirleaf in January 2006.
17	L. DR. ISAAC ROLAND
18	19. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Defendant Dr. Isaac Roland was the Director General
19	of the NCHE.
20	M. MOHAMMED SHERIFF
21 22	20. At all times relevant to this Complaint, Defendant Mohammed Sheriff was a member of the
23	National Transitional Legislative Assembly of the Republic of Liberia from 2004 to 2006. He was
24	Chairman of the Health and Social Welfare Committee ("NTLA" or "NTLA-HSW") until June 2005
25	later becoming chairman of the NTLA's Executive Committee.
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School of Medicine ("SLSOM") refused to pay bribes, attacked SLSOM in the media and Internet. When Dr. Dolphin refused to pay the bribe demands, these same public officials began making false public statements to the media, and sending letters with false statements worldwide to principle agencies involved in the recognition and listing of medical degrees and medical licenses.

VIII. FACTS

In 2005, organized conspirators and government officials, who were angered because St. Luke

- 26. Dr. Jerroll Dolphin and Dr. Taliaferro Harris treated Liberian refugees in Ghana in September and October 1998 at the Bujumbura Refugee Camp, outside of Accra, Ghana. Over a course of three days in September 1998, and two days in October 1998, they treated more than 700 Liberian individuals and families. The refugees told the doctors that they were the first doctors in the ten years of the existence of the camp who touched them with their hands, gloved or otherwise, and brought medicine for the refugees.
- 27. Dr. Jerroll Dolphin went to Liberia in April 2001 to meet with Minister of Health, Dr. Coleman, Frank Teah, Dr. Benson Barh, and other influential people. Dr. Dolphin brought with him 14 large boxes of medicine, mostly HIV/AIDS antiviral medicine, surgical equipment and supplies. During that visit, SLSOM, at the suggestion of Dr. Coleman, made arrangements to cooperate with A.M. Dogliotti School of Medicine, the University of Liberia's medical school. A.M. Dogliotti had come to a state of disrepair from neglect and lack of funds. Most professors at A.M. Dogliotti had not been paid for more than four years. The agreement to cooperate was signed in the early summer of 2001. SLSOM would pay A. M. Dogliotti's professors a minimum of \$500 USD per month and up to \$1500 USD per month or more. SLSOM started advertising for medical students, mainly in Nigeria.
- 28. During the one month of advertising, SLSOM had over 800 applications, to which approximately 200 students were accepted to the medical school. Most of the newly accepted

for a bribe of \$6,000 USD a month to make SLSOM a "credible" institution in Liberia. Frank Teah

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County, Republic of Liberia, and grant SLSOM a Charter." See Exhibit "4"

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1	38.	On August 8, 2003, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs published "An act to incorporate St. Luke
2	School	of Medicine of the city of Monrovia, Monsterrado County, Republic of Liberia, and grant
3	SLSO]	M a Charter", which, in part, states:
4		ARTICLE 1
5 6		SECTION 1:
7		St. Luke School of Medicine was established August 1, 2000, and incorporated August 22 <sup>nd</sup>
8		2001 in the City of Monrovia, Montserrado County, Republic of Liberia, is hereby established
9		in the name of St. Luke School of Medicine Incorporated (SLSOM), by and through its
10		founders, Dr. Jerroll Dolphin, President. Said school is hereby further granted this charter,
11		which endows it with all the rights, privileges and benefits existing in similar institutions of
12		higher learning within this Republic, and shall henceforth be known by the name and title "St.
13 14		Luke School of Medicine".
15	•	SECTION 2: LEGAL STATUS
16		The St. Luke School of Medicine (SLSOM) is hereby made a legal and corporate entity with
17		perpetual succession, and shall have the authority to contract, sue and be sued, plead and be
18		impleaded in any court of competent jurisdiction within the Republic; to purchase or
19		otherwise acquire and hold property, real and mixed up to the value of one hundred and fifty
20		million United States dollars (US\$150,000,000); the said St. Luke School of Medicine
21 22		(SLSOM) shall be perpetually maintained in the Republic for medical education of the people
23		of this nation, people of the other countries and for who may have the capacity to seek
24		medical education.
25		"Article IX (page 6) MISCELLANEOUS
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agreed to come to the Capitol Building, however, after Sheriff left the SLSOM campus, Dr. Dolphin

at 2:00 PM to meet with him, again mentioning the bribe of \$6,000 US per month. Dr. Dolphin

called his lawyer, Counselor Charles Abdullai. Abdullai told Dr. Dolphin not to go to the Capitol Building without a summons and a lawyer.

- At 2 PM, Sheriff called Dr. Dolphin on the telephone asking him where he was. Dr. Dolphin, knowing that Sheriff was going to again ask him outright for a bribe, told Sheriff that he was fearful of coming to the Capitol Building without the representation of a lawyer. He asked Sheriff to write a summons so that he could have time to obtain adequate representation. Sheriff became angry, telling Dr. Dolphin that he did not need a lawyer, and to "come now". Dr. Dolphin reminded Sheriff that he had made some criminal allegations against Dr. Dolphin and SLSOM at the press conference at the campus, and that he (Dr. Dolphin) had the right to be suspicious and concerned if he would walk out of the Capitol Building in handcuffs or not. Dr. Dolphin insisted on the summons, fearing that Sheriff wanted a bribe, and that without the payment of a bribe, Sheriff was going to make trouble for him and SLSOM.
- 51. That evening several of the reporters who were at the SLSOM campus came over to discuss what happened earlier that morning. They told Dr. Dolphin about Sheriff. If they didn't cooperate with him, he would have their National Press Passes revoked. That meant that they would be "out of work" in a country where work was a 'privilege' of the few. The unemployment rate of Liberia at that time was approximately 80 to 85 percent of the population.
- 52. On March 3, 2005, the National Commission on Higher Education issued a Statement of Attestation, attesting SLSOM's right to establish and operate a medical school. A copy of the Statement of Attestation was sent to ECFMG. See Exhibit "8".
- 53. On March 7, 2005, the Ministry of Health sent a letter to the Embassy of India in Liberia verifying that SLSOM Liberia was "...granted legislative permission to establish a college of medicine in Liberia in 2003." See Exhibit "34."

done an inspection of any medical school. A. M. Dogliotti, the University of Liberia's medical

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65.	Abdullai met Dolphin at the Metropolitan Hotel at 1:00 PM, and they walked down the road
to LFE	I headquarters. They waited in the office of the FBI Director for a few minutes before he was
ready t	o interview them. His first words after our introductions were "Why should I not have Dr.
Dolphi	n arrested?" Abdullai replied him by saying "Sir, this is why" and he presented the same series
of docu	ments that he presented at NSA headquarters only a few days earlier.

- After reading the documents, silently, the LFBI Director told Abdullai and Dr. Dolphin that 66. St. Luke School of Medicine was not violating any law in Liberia, and that SLSOM's documents were in order. Then he called Mohammed Sheriff, National Transitional Legislative Assemblyman. He told him that Dolphin was there in the LFBI office and that Dr. Dolphin or SLSOM had "done no wrong". The Director asked Abdullai if we could hurry down to the Capitol Building for a hearing. Since it was after 3:00 PM, Cllr. Abdullai stated that any meeting should be requested in writing, in advance, with enough proper notice to attend the meeting.
- 67. Dr. Dolphin and Abdullai left the LFBI headquarters and walked back to the Metropolitan Hotel and discussed some of the issues. Abdullai told Dr. Dolphin that if he was arrested, he should not panic. He should call Abdullai, who would schedule a hearing for a writ of habeus corpus, after 48 hours. At the hearing, a judge could put an end to this entire harassment matter by the government by ordering a hearing for a writ of prohibition.
- Without warning or notice, at 9 AM on Friday, March 18, 2005, Dr. Barh called Dr. Dukuly telling him that he wanted to conduct the Liberian Medical Board's inspection of the SLSOM campus at 11 AM. Dr. Dukuly called Dr. Dolphin and told him that Barh wanted to conduct SLSOM's inspection "today" before 10:30 AM and Barh wanted an inspection fee of \$1000. Dr. Dolphin asked what the inspection fee was for because the Liberian law does not permit the LMB to charge money for inspections. Dr. Dolphin then spoke with Barh telling him, and Dr. Dukuly, that part of the roof had been removed for repair so the computers and library books had to be moved because of the

every subject and that the professors would get paid. (It was well known that the A. M. Dogliotti

professors had not been paid for more than 2 years at that time.)

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violation of the Friendship Treaty.

needed money from Dr. Dolphin. Dr. Dolphin did not leave the Western Union office until 10:45

SLSOM. The speakers did not have any facts to accuse SLSOM, only accusations such as "they are

harming the people of Liberia", or "St. Luke is a 'fake' school", or "St. Luke School of Medicine

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does not exist in Liberia".

Dr. Mohammed Sheriff who decided to take legal action against Dr. Dolphin [on

1	talked about Sheriff and what he had been doing since he had been at the NTLA. They said that			
2	Sheriff's concentration had been on upsetting and insulting the Minister of Health, Dr. Peter			
3	Coleman.			
4	116. On April 14, 2005, Dr. Dolphin went to the United States Embassy in Liberia and reported			
5	what happened at the Capitol Building in the hearing and with Mohammed Sheriff after the hearing.			
7	He opened a "human Rights Violation Report" against Mohammed Sheriff and the Republic of			
8	Liberia.			
9	117. On April 16, 2005, two of Dr. Dolphin's in-laws from Ghana, Benjamin Ofori-Atta and Fugah			
10	Benoni, came to assist the campus upgrade. They arrived in Liberia on Saturday, April 16, 2005.			
11	Their background was in construction and drafting.			
12   13	118. On or about Tuesday April 19, 2005, Dr. Dolphin's two in-laws from Ghana were arrested by			
14	INS agents in the "Red Light" District of Monrovia while shopping for food. They were taken for			
15	questioning to INS Headquarters in downtown Monrovia when they mentioned that they were in			
16	Liberia to work at SLSOM. Clr. Abdullai was called to get the two men out of INS detention. Dr.			
17	Dolphin went to the Ghana High Commission (Embassy) and asked the Ambassador to intervene, to			
18	which he did.			
19	119. As it turned out the Director of the INS was also a LURD member and a friend to Mohammed			
20 21	Sheriff. The INS, nightly, before the airplane leaves and after the airplane lands, examines the roster			
22	of every airplane entering or leaving Liberia. Dr. Dolphin's travels to Ghana were always available to			
23	the INS Director, who would contact Mohammed Sheriff, who would insist that the INS Director stop			
24	Dr. Dolphin from traveling.			
25	120. The INS agents were looking for Dr. Dolphin's in-laws because the immigration records from			
26	the airport stated that they traveled to Liberia for SLSOM business. They were released from INS			
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Affairs.

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1	1/3.	On September 18, 2006, St. Luke School of Medicine filed a lawsuit against the Republic of					
2	Liberia in Liberia Civil Court, in Monseratto County, Liberia, at the Temple of Justice in Monrovia.						
3	The lawsuit named the Ministry of Education, the Ministry of Health, and all those working under the						
4	scope a	and authority of the Republic of Liberia. See Exhibit "21"					
5	174.	Also see the following Exhibits regarding SLSOM's "Damages for Wrong" lawsuit in Liberia:					
7	1.	Exhibit "22 "					
8	2.	Exhibit "23"					
9	3.	Exhibit "24"					
10	4.	Exhibit "25"					
11	5.	Exhibit "26"					
12	6.	Exhibit "27"					
13 14	7.	Exhibit "28"					
15	8.	Exhibit "29"					
16	9.	Exhibit "30"					
17	175.	On October 30, 2006, SLSOM obtained a "Default Certificate" against the Republic of					
18	Liberia	a. See Exhibit "30" Dr. Dolphin and SLSOM students are informed and believe that neither the					
19	   Minist	ry of Education nor the Ministry of Health, the Liberian Medical Board, the National					
20	Comm	ission on Higher Education, the National Transitional Legislative Assembly or any of the					
21	following individuals answered SLSOM's last motion for fear of facing criminal conspiracy charges:						
22   23	Dr. Isaac Roland, Dr. Benson Bahr, Dr. Kpoto, Mohammed Sheriff, Dr. Horatius Browne, and Dr.						
24	   Evely:	n Kandiki					
25	176.	Cllr. Ignatius Weah, SLSOM's attorney attempted to set hearings for both Default					
26	Certif	icates, so that both could be converted into an executable judgment. No court would allow him					
27		a hearing. Further, Dr. Dolphin was told that he must take the Default Certificates to Claims					

in 2005. This includes the following:

1	Country or Region	Agency	Accomplishments*				
2	United States	Educational Commission for	80% + pass rate on the United States				
3		Foreign Medical Graduates	Medical Licensing Examinations				
4		(ECFMG)	(USMLE). 14 attempts, 12 passes 100% pass rate on Nigerian medical				
5		(LCFMG)					
6	Nigeria	Medical and Dental Council					
7			licensing examinations.				
8			3 attempts, 3 passes				
10	Ghana	Medical and Dental Council	75% pass rate on Ghanaian medical				
11			licensing examinations. 4 attempts, 3				
12			passes. SLSOM graduates were the				
13							
14			top scorers, 1-2-3, on the February				
15			2004 examination.				
16	Kenya	Medical and Dental Council	100% pass rate. 1 attempt, 1 pass.				
17			SLSOM graduate is a licensed				
18			surgeon in Kenya				
19	India	All India Medical Council	100% pass rate. 1 attempt, 1 pass				
20							
21	Canada	General Medical Council	100% pass rate. 1 attempt, 1 pass				
22	Mexico		100% pass rate. 1 attempt, 1 pass				
23	Worldwide		88% pass rate. 25 attempts, 22				
24			passes				
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26	* The above figures are reliable estimates based on known results by Dr. Dolphin of Medical						
27	Students' accomplishments during and after they left SLSOM.						
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actuality. Defendants False Public Statements were designed to disrupt SLSOM's worldwide

1	economic relationships. Defendants False Public Statements caused ECFMG to permanently remove					
2	SLSOM from the IMED, even after a Liberian Supreme Court order and several subsequent NCHE					
3	letters requested that SLSOM be reinstated. As a consequence of SLSOM's removal from the IMED					
4 5	Medical Students lost jobs, residencies, and positions. Additionally, Medical Students had					
6	legitimately earned licenses revoked and properly earned degrees invalidated, as set forth in Exhibit					
7	"1".					
8	C. FALSE IMPRISONMENT					
9	201. Plaintiffs incorporate paragraphs 1 through 200 herein. Defendants, without lawful privilege,					
10	confined Dr. Dolphin against his will by preventing him from traveling freely as is set forth in					
11	paragraphs 80 through 85.					
12	D. NEGLIGENCE					
13 14	202. Plaintiffs incorporate paragraphs 1 through 201 herein. Defendants owed a duty to Plaintiffs					
15	to ensure that Plaintiffs not be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law.					
16	Defendants, by failing to present any meaningful evidence to support the accusations against					
17	Plaintiffs, breached its duty to provide Plaintiffs with due process of law. Defendants' breach caused					
18	SLSOM to be removed from IMED, effectively nullifying Medical Students' degrees and medical					
19	licensing examination scores. As a result, Medical Students have lost jobs, residencies and other					
20	benefits; SLSOM has been completely shut down, unable to provide the services guaranteed by its					
21 22	Charter.					
23	E. LOSS OF CONSORTIUM					
24	203. Plaintiffs incorporate paragraphs 1 through 202 herein. Because of Defendants' Trade Libel					
25	and Negligence, above, Dr. Dolphin's wife, Susanna Mitchell, has abandoned him. As a result, Dr.					
26	Dolphin has lost the affection, support and love of his wife.					
27	D. CONVERSION					

benefits.

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D. EQUAL PROTECTION

208. "no state shall ... deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws" "The nationals of each High Contracting Party shall receive within the territories of the other, upon submitting to conditions imposed upon its nationals, the most constant protection and security for their person and property, and shall enjoy in this respect that degree of protection that is required by international law."

208A. Plaintiffs incorporate paragraphs 1 through 208 herein. Plaintiffs incorporate paragraphs 1 through 207 herein. Defendants owed a duty to Plaintiffs to ensure that Plaintiffs not be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law. Defendants, by failing to present at any hearing any meaningful evidence to support their accusations against Plaintiffs before illegally dismantling SLSOM, breached its duty to provide Plaintiffs with due process of law, and treated Plaintiffs differently than A.M. Dogliotti, a similarly situated medical school that suffered none of the harms to which SLSOM was subjected. Defendants' breach caused SLSOM to be removed from IMED, effectively nullifying Medical Students' degrees and medical licensing examination scores. As a result, Medical Students have lost jobs, residencies and other benefits.

## CONSPIRACY TO COMMIT CIVIL RIGHTS VIOLATIONS

209. Plaintiffs incorporate paragraphs 1 through 209. Defendant Dr. Isaac Roland, Mohammed Sheriff, Dr. Evelyn Kondakai, Dr. Horatius Browne and Dr. Benson Barh each conspired with one another to denigrate SLSOM's reputation in an effort to secure bribes, as set forth above. Mohammed Sheriff used his position at the National Transitional Legislative Assembly to conduct hearings solely to denigrate and discredit SLSOM in the public eye. Mohammed Sheriff used political and other pressures to secure the participation and cooperation of Dr. Isaac Roland. Drs. Barh and Browne used their position in the Liberian Medical Board to denigrate SLSOM in the public eye at the same hearings conducted by Sheriff. All Defendants were aware of SLSOM's legitimate status and sought to discredit SLSOM to secure monthly bribes.

1 2	(2)	For monetary relief as requested in the Causes of Action as appropriate for the particular							
2									
	ľ	Causes of Action, in an amount to be proven at trial;							
3	(3)	3) For actual, direct, incidental, consequential, statutory and exemplary damages, as							
4		appropriate for the particular Causes of Action, in an amount to be proven at trial;							
5 6	(4)	For pre- and post-judgment interest;							
7	(5)	For attorneys' fees and costs of suit pursuant to, inter alia, the common fund and private							
8		Attorney General doctrines, California Code of Civil Procedure section 1021.5 and/or the							
9		statutory Causes of Action asserted herein, as may be appropriate; and							
10	(6)	For such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.							
11		DEMAND FOR JURYTRIAL							
12	Plaintiffs demand a trial by jury on all claims so triable and an advisory jury for a factual								
13									
14	determina	tion on all equitable claims.							
15									
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18									
19		<u>VERIFICATION</u>							
20	ть								
21	I have read the foregoing and certify, under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the State								
22	of Califor	nia that the foregoing is true and correct and was executed in Los Angeles, California.							
23									
24		11 Mar 2010							
25		Dr./Jerroll B.R.Dolphin							
26		•							
27									
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1	Dated: March 7, 2010	CULI	PEPPER LAW GROUPE
2			
3 4		By:	THADDEUS J. CULPEPPER
5	·		THADDEUS J. CULPEPPER Attorneys for Plaintiffs Dr. Dolphin, SLSOM and Medical Students
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## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, CENTRAL DISTRICT OF ...LIFORNIA CIVIL COVER SHEET

I (a) PLAINTIFFS (Check box ST. LUKE SCHOOL OF I ROBERT FARMER on be applicable,	DEFENDANTS REPULIC OF LIBERIA; MINISTRY OF HEALTH, a Liberian Governmental Agency; MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, a Liberian Governmental Agency; LIBERIAN MEDICAL BOARD, a Liberian Governmental Agency; et al.,								
(b) Attorneys (Firm Name, Add yourself, provide same.) Thaddeus J. Culpepper 556 S. Fair Oaks Blvd., Su Pasadena, CA 91105	iress and Telephone Number. If you	Attomeys (If Known) Not Known							
II. BASIS OF JURISDICTION	(Place an X in one box only.)		NSHIP OF PRINCIPAL  X in one box for plaintif				Only		
U.S. Government Plaintiff	3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)	Citizen of Th	s State	PTF W 1	<b>DEF</b> □ 1	Incorporated or Pr of Business in this		PTF <b>E</b> 4	DEF □ 4
2 U.S. Government Defendant	☐ 4 Diversity (Indicate Citize of Parties in Item III)	nship Citizen of An	other State	₫2	□ 2	Incorporated and I of Business in An		<b>₫</b> 5	□ 5
		Citizen or Su	oject of a Foreign Country	y <b>₫</b> 3	<b>13</b> 3	Foreign Nation		□6	<b>₫</b> 6
IV. ORIGIN (Place an X in one	e box only.)								
1 Original 2 Remove State Co	d from	4 Reinstated or [ Reopened	5 Transferred from and	ther dis	trict (spe	cify): □6 Multi Distri Litiga	ct Judge	e from	
V. REQUESTED IN COMPLA	AINT: JURY DEMAND: EY	es □ No (Check 'Y	es' only if demanded in o	complair	ıt.)				
CLASS ACTION under F.R.C.	.P. 23: 12 Yes □ No	ſ	MONEY DEMANDE	D IN C	OMPLA	INT: \$			
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION (Cite	the U.S. Civil Statute under which	h you are filing and v	write a brief statement of	cause. I	Do not ci	te jurisdictional sta	tutes unless dive	rsity.)	
Alien Tort Claims Act: U.S	. Citizen citizen and doctor found	ed medical school in	Liberia. Liberian official	s illegal	dismantl	led the school in at	empt to collect l	bribes.	
VII. NATURE OF SUIT (Place	e an X in one box only.)								
OTHER STATUTES	CONTRACT	TORTS	TORTS		1777 77 28	PRISONER	THE SHOPE HAVE BEEN AFTER THE	OR	- March March
☐ 400 State Reapportionment ☐ 410 Antitrust	☐ 110 Insurance ☐ 120 Marine	PERSONAL INJU  ☐ 310 Airplane	RY PERSONA PROPERT		22 DMS 13 G1200	PETITIONS  Motions to	□710 Fair Lat Act	oor Sta	ndards
☐ 430 Banks and Banking	□ 130 Miller Act	□ 315 Airplane Pro			3,0	Vacate Sentence	☐ 720 Labor/N	/igmt.	
☐ 450 Commerce/ICC	☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument	Liability 320 Assault, Libe	□ 371 Truth in I	_		Habeas Corpus	Relation		
Rates/etc.	☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment &	Slander	□ 380 Other Per Property			General Death Penalty	☐ 730 Labor/N Reporti	_	
☐ 460 Deportation ☐ 470 Racketeer Influenced	Enforcement of	□ 330 Fed. Employ	ers' 385 Property				Disclos		:t
and Corrupt	Judgment	Liability  □ 340 Marine	Product L	iability	.[	Other	□ 740 Railway	/ Labo	
Organizations	☐ 151 Medicare Act	☐ 340 Marine ☐ 345 Marine Prod	BANKRUPT			Civil Rights	□ 790 Other L		
☐ 480 Consumer Credit ☐ 490 Cable/Sat TV	☐ 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loan (Excl.	Liability	uct	8 USC	please refer left of	Prison Condition ORFEITURE	Litigati 791 Empl. F		•
□ 810 Selective Service	Veterans)	☐ 350 Motor Vehic ☐ 355 Motor Vehic	le   123 Withdran	val 28	realized State or relies	PENALTY	Security		
□ 850 Securities/Commodities/		Product Liab	ility USC 157	DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE		Agriculture	PROPERT	Long Bulewater	HTS
Exchange	Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits	☐ 360 Other Persor		ms .	⊟ 620	Other Food &	□ 820 Copyrig □ 830 Patent	ghts	
□ 875 Customer Challenge 12 USC 3410	□ 160 Stockholders' Suits	Injury □ 362 Personal Inju	D 442 E1	ent	□ 625	Drug Drug Related	□ 840 Tradem	ark	
□ 890 Other Statutory Actions	☐ 190 Other Contract	Med Malpra	ctice 443 Housing	Acco-	1	Seizure of	SOCIAL S	ECUR	Table of the North
□ 891 Agricultural Act	☐ 195 Contract Product	☐ 365 Personal Inju	· I—	ons	1	Property 21 USC	,	,	
☐ 892 Economic Stabilization Act	Liability  ☐ 196 Franchise	Product Liab ☐ 368 Asbestos Per		with	□ 630	881 Liquor Laws	<ul> <li>□ 862 Black I</li> <li>□ 863 DIWC/</li> </ul>	• •	,
□ 893 Environmental Matters	REAL PROPERTY	Injury Produ				R.R. & Truck	(405(g)		•
□ 894 Energy Allocation Act	☐ 210 Land Condemnation	Liability	Employn			Airline Regs	□ 864 SSID T	itle X	VI
□ 895 Freedom of Info. Act	☐ 220 Foreclosure ☐ 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment	IMMIGRATIO  □ 462 Naturalizatio	1 100 10 20 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		⊔ 660	Occupational Safety /Health	FEDERAL		THE *
☐ 900 Appeal of Fee Determi- nation Under Equal	□ 240 Torts to Land	Application	Other		□ 690	Other	□ 870 Taxes	" or and many after	COMPANY STATE A
Access to Justice	☐ 245 Tort Product Liability	☐ 463 Habeas Corp	1	vil			or Defe		
☐ 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes	290 All Other Real Property	Alien Detair  465 Other Immig Actions	Kigiita				USC 7		rty 26
		-		<b>W</b>	<u> </u>	179	91		
<del></del>			J	γV	エク	, 11	/ 」		
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY:	Case Number:	-		INFOR	MATIC	M DEOLIECTED	DEL OW		

AFTER COMPLETING THE FRONT SIDE OF FORM CV-71, COMPLETE THE INFORMATION REQUESTED BELOW

CV-71 (05/08)

CIVIL COVER SHEET

Page 1 of 2

VIII(a). IDENTICAL CASES: Has If yes, list case number(s):	this action been pre	eviously filed in this court an	ad dismissed, remanded or closed? 🗹 No 🗆 Yes				
VIII(b). RELATED CASES: Have If yes, list case number(s):	any cases been pre-	viously filed in this court tha	at are related to the present case? In No Yes				
□ B. <b>(</b> □ C. I	Arise from the same Call for determination For other reasons we	or closely related transaction on of the same or substantial ould entail substantial duplic	ons, happenings, or events; or  ly related or similar questions of law and fact; or cation of labor if heard by different judges; or , and one of the factors identified above in a, b or c also is present.				
IX. VENUE: (When completing the	following informati	on, use an additional sheet is	f necessary.)				
(a) List the County in this District; C Check here if the government, its	California County or s agencies or emplo	utside of this District; State i yees is a named plaintiff. If	if other than California; or Foreign Country, in which EACH named plaintiff resides. this box is checked, go to item (b).				
County in this District:*  Los Angeles County	-		California County outside of this District; State, if other than California; or Foreign Country				
(b) List the County in this District; C  Check here if the government, its	California County of s agencies or emplo	utside of this District; State i	if other than California; or Foreign Country, in which EACH named defendant resides.  If this box is checked, go to item (c).				
County in this District:*			California County outside of this District; State, if other than California; or Foreign Country				
			Republic of Liberia				
(c) List the County in this District; ( Note: In land condemnation ca			if other than California; or Foreign Country, in which EACH claim arose.				
County in this District:*			California County outside of this District; State, if other than California; or Foreign Country				
Los Angeles County			Republic of Liberia				
* Los Angeles, Orange, San Bernar Note: In land condemnation cases, us			San Luis Obispo Counties				
X. SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY (	OR PRO PER):	1260	Date March 11, 2010				
or other papers as required by law	<ol> <li>This form, approve</li> </ol>	ed by the Judicial Conference	ormation contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings are of the United States in September 1974, is required pursuant to Local Rule 3-1 is not filed atting the civil docket sheet. (For more detailed instructions, see separate instructions sheet.)				
Key to Statistical codes relating to So	cial Security Cases:						
Nature of Suit Code	Abbreviation	Substantive Statement of	of Cause of Action				
861	НІА	All claims for health insurance benefits (Medicare) under Title 18, Part A, of the Social Security Act, as amended. Also, include claims by hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, etc., for certification as providers of services under the program. (42 U.S.C. 1935FF(b))					
862	BL	All claims for "Black Lung" benefits under Title 4, Part B, of the Federal Coal Mine Health and Safety Act of 1969. (30 U.S.C. 923)					
863	DIWC	All claims filed by insured workers for disability insurance benefits under Title 2 of the Social Security Act, as amended; plus all claims filed for child's insurance benefits based on disability. (42 U.S.C. 405(g))					
863	DIWW	All claims filed for widows or widowers insurance benefits based on disability under Title 2 of the Social Security Act, as amended. (42 U.S.C. 405(g))					
864	SSID	All claims for supplemental security income payments based upon disability filed under Title 16 of the Social Security Act, as amended.					
865	RSI	All claims for retirement (old age) and survivors benefits under Title 2 of the Social Security Act, as amended. (42 U.S.C. (g))					